

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1 - 30. (cancelled)

31. (new) An element having a surface on which a one-component adhesive is applied at least on a section thereof, the moisture content of which is reduced after application up to the point of moisture content equilibrium.

32. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein said one-component adhesive is applied with a glass transition temperature of from about 0°C to about 30°C.

33. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein said one-component adhesive is applied with a glass transition temperature of from about 10°C to about 20°C.

34. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein said one-component adhesive is applied having an elongation at tear of about 200% to about 1200%.

35. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein said one-component adhesive is applied having an elongation at tear of about 300% to about 1000%

36. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein said one-component adhesive is applied having an elongation at tear of about 400% to about 900%.

37. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein an adhesive is used to produce a glue-coated element which has a film hardness of about 10 to about 80 pendulum oscillations according to DIN 53157.

38. (new) The element of claim 37, wherein said film hardness is about 20 to about 40 pendulum oscillations according to DIN 53157.

39. (new) The element of claim 37, wherein said film hardness is about 25 to 35 pendulum oscillations according to DIN 53157.

40. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein the one-component adhesive is selected from the group of thermoplastics.

41. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein the one-component adhesive is selected from a group consisting of polyacrylates, polyurethanes, polyacetates, and mixtures thereof.

42. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein the one-component adhesive is a polyacetate ethylene copolymer.

43. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein the one-component adhesive has a viscosity of at least 2000 mPas.

44. (new) The element according to claim 43, wherein the viscosity is more than 3000 mPas.

45. (new) The element according to claim 43, wherein the viscosity is more than 6000 mPas.

46. (new) The element according to claim 43, wherein the viscosity is more than 8000 mPas.
47. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein the one-component adhesive is applied in an amount up to about 250 g/m<sup>2</sup>.
48. (new) The element according to claim 47, wherein the applied amount is up to about 150 g/m<sup>2</sup>.
49. (new) The element according to claim 47, wherein the applied amount is from about 80 g/m<sup>2</sup> to about 120 g/m<sup>2</sup>.
50. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein a surface of the one-component adhesive has a static friction of at least about 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.
51. (new) The element according to claim 50, wherein the static friction is at least about 2 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.
52. (new) The element according to claim 50, wherein the static friction is at least about 4 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.
53. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein the one-component adhesive is applied so as to establish an adhesive force of at least 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup> after two corresponding adhesive films have been joined.
54. (new) The element according to claim 53, wherein the adhesive force is at least 2 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.
55. (new) The element according to claim 53, wherein the adhesive force is more than 4 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

56. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein a maximum adhesive force of each one-component adhesive is reached after 48 hours.

57. (new) The element according to claim 56, wherein the maximum adhesive force of each one-component adhesive is reached after 24 hours.

58. (new) The element according to claim 56, wherein the maximum adhesive force of each one-component adhesive is reached after 12 hours.

59. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein a one-component adhesive is used having an adhesive force which is established at least partially by having adjacent adhesive films merge one into the other.

60. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein a one-component adhesive is selected having an adhesive force which, with respect to the strength achievable immediately after the adhesive film has been applied and dried, is reduced by up to about 20 %, if the element provided with the dried adhesive film is stored for a time period of up to three months at a moisture content of at least 6 % by weight at temperatures of -20°C to +50°C.

61. (new) The element according to claim 31, wherein a one-component adhesive is selected having an adhesive force which, with respect to the strength achievable immediately after the adhesive film has been applied and dried, is reduced by up to about 60%, if the element provided with a dried adhesive film is

stored for a time period of up to three months at air humidity levels of between 5 and 95%.

62. (new) The element according to claim 61, wherein the adhesive force is reduced by up to about 40%.

63. (new) The element according to claim 61, wherein the adhesive force is reduced by up to about 20%.

64. (new) The element according to claim 31, having profiled edges provided with an adhesive at least in sections, wherein one profiled edge of an element is provided with either a groove or a tongue, intended for non-positive engagement with a tongue or a groove of a second element.

65. (new) The element according to claim 64, having a mechanic draw-out resistance element, in particular with a barb and/or with positively engaging, machined profile sections.

66. (new) The element according to claim 65, with said mechanical draw-out resistance elements being formed in the groove or on the tongue.

67. (new) The element according to claim 64, having draw-out resistance elements which are formed as pins, discs and/or bands.

68. (new) The element according to claim 67, wherein said pins, discs, and/or bands are formed from metal or plastic.

69. (new) The element according to claim 67, wherein the pins, discs and/or bands are inserted in the groove and inclined in a

direction in which the tongue is moved when the elements are joined.

70. (new) The element according to claim 64, further comprising positively engaging profile sections having a height not exceeding a layer thickness of the adhesive layer.

71. (new) The element according to claim 70, wherein said positively engaging profile sections comprise recesses and corresponding protrusions.

72. (new) A method of manufacturing a glue-coated element which is prepared to be glued together with another identically glue-coated element, comprising the following steps:

applying a one-component adhesive to at least one surface section of the element and

reducing moisture content of the applied one-component adhesive up to the point of moisture content equilibrium.

73. (new) The method according to claim 72, wherein said glue-coated element comprises timber panels, which are for immediate installation, having a top surface, a bottom surface and edges, and wherein on at least two edges of each panel, a one-component adhesive is applied at least in sections thereof.

74. (new) The method according to claim 72, further comprising profiling edges of elements to be bonded, and said profiling step comprises machining the profiles of the edges of the elements to be bonded as corresponding profiles to be joined in a non-positive way.

75. (new) The method according to claim 74, wherein said machining step comprises machining the profiles of the edges of the elements to be bonded in such a way that in a joined state they apply a pressure of at least  $0.1 \text{ N/mm}^2$  to  $5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  on each other.

76. (new) The method according to claim 75, wherein said machining step forms edge profiles in such a way that in the joined state they apply a pressure of  $0.8 \text{ N/mm}^2$  to  $20 \text{ N/mm}^2$  on each other.

77. (new) The method according to claim 72, wherein said applying step applies the one-component adhesive which, after two corresponding adhesive films are joined, establishes an adhesive force of at least  $1 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .

78. (new) The method according to claim 77, wherein said adhesive force is at least  $2 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .

79. (new) The method according to claim 77, wherein said adhesive force is more than  $4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .

80. (new) The method according to claim 72, further comprising reaching a maximum adhesive force of each one-component adhesive after 48 hours.

81. (new) The method according to claim 80, wherein said maximum adhesive force is reached after 24 hours.

82. (new) The method according to claim 80, wherein said maximum adhesive force is reached after 12 hours.

83. (new) The method according to claim 72, wherein said moisture content reducing step comprises drying the adhesive up to the point of moisture content equilibrium in a package of at least one derived timber board.

84. (new) The method according to claim 72, further comprising using an adhesive which has reached at least about 30% of its maximum strength 5 minutes after two adhesive layers have been joined together.

85. (new) The method according to claim 84, wherein the using step comprises using an adhesive which has reached at least about 50% of its maximum strength 5 minutes after the two adhesive layers have been jointed together.

86. (new) The method according to claim 84, wherein the using step comprises using an adhesive which has reached at least about 70% of its maximum strength 5 minutes after the two adhesive layers have been jointed together.

87. (new) A derived timber panel having on a surface a dried one-component adhesive applied to the surface at least in sections thereof.

88. (new) An adhesive bond between two elements each having a dried adhesive film of a one-component adhesive applied to it in the factory, wherein the adhesive films have merged into a single adhesive layer.